



**REPÚBLICA DEMOCRÁTICA DE TIMOR-LESTE
MINISTÉRIO DO PLANO E DAS FINANÇAS
DIRECÇÃO NACIONAL DE ESTATÍSTICA**

**TIMOR- LESTE
OVERSEAS TRADE STATISTICS
2006**



Dili, Timor-Leste
July 2007

Preface

I am pleased to be able to present ***Overseas Trade Statistics 2006***, the third official publication of annual Trade Statistics for Timor-Leste. The statistics contained in this report reflect the patterns of international trade relating to Timor-Leste during the 2006 calendar year. Additionally, the report provides comparative annual data for the 2004, 2005 and 2006 years.

This publication is aimed at users of economic statistics in government, the donor community, NGOs, universities, research organisations and the private sector. It is intended to produce similar reports each year, along with the regular monthly Trade data releases that began in January 2004. In addition to the publication of this summary volume it should be noted that the DIRECÇÃO NACIONAL DE ESTATÍSTICA has now established a comprehensive Trade Statistics database. On request, this database can provide more detailed statistical data than is presented in this annual publication.

Due to some unique characteristics of the Timor-Leste economy it is important that readers are aware of the concepts and definitions used in the compilation of this report. I would urge therefore that special attention be given to the initial sections of the report that provide clarification on some aspects of the data.

Overseas Trade statistics are compiled from declarations made to the Timor-Leste Customs Service by importers and exporters, or their agents. I would therefore like to express my thanks for the cooperation of the Customs Service in providing the base data used to compile this publication.

I would like to extend my appreciation for the support provided by the Asian Development Bank during the initial years of Trade Statistics system implementation. Thanks are also extended to the offices of NZAID for current funding that has enabled further development of the Trade Statistics program.

Expertise provided by Mr Gavin Lucas and the efforts of his counterparts within the Trade Statistics Section – Mr Silvino Lopes, Mr Eduardo Martinho Ximenes and Ms Nani Rolanda - have also contributed to the success of this project. I am confident that the staff of the Trade Statistics Section will provide excellent service to users of Trade data in the future.

I would welcome any comments from users of this publication as such feedback would help in improving the usefulness of future Trade Statistics releases.

National Statistics Directorate

Manuel Mendonça
Director

July 2007

Table of Contents

Introduction	Page 4
Concepts, Definitions and Explanations of Data	Page 5
Key Statistics	Page 7
Imports Tables	Page 9
➤ Table 1: Trade Statistics Summary by Month – 2006.	
➤ Table 2: Merchandise Imports by Chapter Heading (HS2).	
➤ Table 3: Merchandise Imports by Major Countries of Origin (2006).	
➤ Table 4: Merchandise Imports of Major Commodities by Country of Origin (2006).	
Exports Tables	Page 20
➤ Table 5: Exports by Major Trading Partners (2006).	
➤ Table 6: Re Exports by Country of Destination (2006).	
➤ Table 7: Coffee Exports by country of Destination (2006).	
➤ Table 8: Coffee Exports by Month, Quantity and Value.	
Charts	Page 23
➤ Chart 1: Merchandise Imports by Month – 2006.	
➤ Chart 2: Exports by Month – 2006.	
➤ Chart 3: Coffee Exports by Month – 2006.	

Introduction

With the publication of this annual Trade Statistics report the DIREÇÃO NACIONAL DE ESTATÍSTICA provides the latest available data on imports and exports for Timor-Leste during the 2006 calendar year.

As a “stand alone” indicator Trade statistics form a valuable source of information on the economic health of a country, as well as being used by a wide variety of planning and business organisations. Statistics on imports and exports form a valuable component of a country’s statement of economic transactions in the National Accounts and Balance of Payments. Accordingly, internationally comparable Trade Statistics that are accurate, detailed and timely have always been a statistical priority. Such information is vitally important for the planning and future development of Timor-Leste.

The information contained in this report aggregates the regular monthly releases of Trade Statistics issued by the Directorate during 2006. Additionally there are tables that aim to provide a more comprehensive picture of trading patterns than is possible from viewing a single month’s data. As the Trade Statistics database grows it is now possible to present comparative annual data.

In the setting up of a system for the production of Trade Statistics there must always be a “balancing act” between the need for accurate, timely information that meets certain acceptable standards whilst at the same time taking into account the limited resources of both personnel and equipment. The sustainability of any system put in place is critical and refinements to data quality and coverage will be incorporated into future statistical publications as resources permit.

No two economies are identical nor have exactly the same overseas trading patterns and these factors need to be considered when attempting to compare Trade Statistics published by various countries and via different agencies. As a newly developing nation Timor-Leste has some unique economic features of its own that require special attention when compiling and analysing Overseas Trade Statistics, particularly in relation to Re Exports. Within the following Section titled “Concepts and Definitions” the statistical procedures used in the compilation of Trade Statistics are documented.

The statistical methods and concepts used to compile data for this report closely follow the recommendations of UN publication “**International Merchandise Trade Statistics: Concepts and Definitions (IMTS, Rev.2)**” wherever possible. The objective of **Overseas Trade Statistics, 2006** is to provide an aggregated view of import and export statistics for the 2006 calendar year, accepting the fact that more detailed analysis of specific commodities is available by contacting the DIREÇÃO NACIONAL DE ESTATÍSTICA.

Concepts, Definitions and Explanations of Data

The following section aims to provide additional information on the methods used to collect and analyse the Trade Statistics contained in this report. As already mentioned, these Trade Statistics are compiled using the UN *“International Merchandise Trade Statistics: Concepts and Definitions (IMTS, Rev.2)”* as a guide and quotations from that publication are included here.

Additionally there are explanations of specific situations in the Timor-Leste economy that may differ from international convention, meaning caution should be exercised when analysing some of the data contained in this report.

Source of Data	<p>Data is obtained from import and export documents lodged with the Customs Service of Timor-Leste. This data is then processed by the National Statistics Directorate to produce Overseas Trade Statistics that conform to United Nations statistical concepts.</p> <p>The ASYCUDA (Automated System for Customs Data) system became operational in the Timor-Leste Customs Service in October 2003. This system provides the basic data from which Overseas Trade Statistics are prepared. Currently this system provides coverage of all imports and exports from the main airport and seaports plus parcel post. Some documentation from “small” ports is also processed at the Dili Customs Office, however it should be noted that approximately 4% of entries (those not lodged electronically via ASYCUDA), may not be included in the Trade Statistics.</p>
Time of Recording	<p>Import and Export Statistics are compiled by Date of Assessment. This is the date on which the duty to be paid (if any) is assessed by the Customs Service, in effect “clearing” the goods for import/export.</p>
System of Recording	<p>Overseas Trade statistics are compiled in close accordance with the United Nations International Merchandise Trade Statistics Concepts and Definitions. The system is known as the “general” system of recording trade statistics as defined in UN statistical papers M52. Under this system imports includes all goods entering the economic territory of a compiling country and exports includes all goods leaving the economic territory of a compiling country. The “economic territory” includes bonded warehouses.</p>
Merchandise Trade	<p>Merchandise Trade is the import or export of goods that alter the nation’s stock of material resources as a result of their movement in or out of the country.</p>
Non Merchandise Trade	<p>Goods which do not permanently add to the material resources of a country are identified as “Non Merchandise” trade. Some common examples would be temporary imports, returnable containers, goods in transit and goods consigned to foreign embassies within a host country.</p>
Country Statistics	<p>Import statistics are available by “Country of Origin” - the country of manufacture of the goods.</p>

Commodity Classification

Export statistics are available by "Country of Destination" – the country of final destination as shown on the export declaration.

Goods are classified by Customs using the Customs Tariff that is based on the international "Harmonised Commodity Description and Coding System", or "HS" as it is sometimes called.

Limitations of data

Overseas Trade statistics are compiled from documents provided by exporters and importers to the Timor-Leste Customs Service. Considerable reliance is placed on the exporters/importers and their agents submitting correct codes and information. Before the data is released for statistical purposes it is validated and detected errors corrected however no warranty can be given that this information contains no errors.

It should also be noted that goods crossing international borders without appropriate Customs documentation would not be included in Trade Statistics.

F.O.B. (Free on Board)

Method of valuation for Exports. This valuation includes the cost of the goods plus their delivery on board ship ready for departure.

C.I.F. (Cost, Insurance and Freight)

Method of valuation for Imports. This valuation includes the cost of the goods, cost of insuring the goods during transportation and cost of freight.

Re Exports

Re Exports are goods leaving the country that were previously imported into Timor-Leste and comprise less than 50 percent Timor-Leste value by content at time of export.

NOTES**The Treatment of Re Exports Data**

It is standard practice when compiling Export statistics to collect separate data on both Exports and Re Exports. It is also normal practice, according to international convention, to include the Re Export value in published "TOTAL EXPORT" values.

Applying this convention to Timor-Leste would mean a disproportionately large portion of the "TOTAL EXPORTS" would in fact be Re Exports. The situation arises due to large outflows of personnel and equipment returning to home countries as UNIMISSET/UNOTIL and other operations are scaled down. For this reason, when referring to "TOTAL EXPORTS" in this report, Re Exports have been excluded but further identified in separate tables.

Missing Data for June and July 2006.

At the time of civil disturbances in Timor-Leste during 2006 there was severe disruption to Customs operations, meaning goods were cleared prior to the receipt of normal documents. Although this Annual report shows NIL data for the months of June and July it should be noted that much of the value for imports during those months is included in subsequent months due to retrospective presentation of Customs documents.

Key Statistics

	2004	2005	2006
Merchandise Imports (\$000)	\$113,489	\$101,619	\$87,695
Non Merchandise Imports (\$000)	\$32,619	\$7,508	\$13,107
Total all Imports (\$000)	\$146,108	\$109,127	\$100,802
Exports (\$000)	\$6,972	\$8,093	\$8,455
Re Exports (\$000)	\$98,682	\$35,358	\$52,231
Total Exports (incl. Re Exports) (\$000)	\$105,654	\$43,451	\$60,685

		2004	2005	2006
Trade Balance for Calendar Year (\$000)	Calculated by subtracting Merchandise Imports from Exports	Deficit \$106,518	Deficit \$93,526	Deficit \$79,240
Total Re Exports for Calendar Year (\$000)	Total comprises large values for equipment belonging to outgoing peacekeeping forces	\$98,682	\$35,358	\$52,231
Total Value of Coffee Exports for Calendar Year (\$000)	Includes exports of green beans, roasted beans and ground coffee	\$6,900	\$7,630	\$7,999
Largest Value Trading Partner (Imports) (\$000)	Contribution to Merchandise Imports, based on Country of Origin	Indonesia \$6,200	Indonesia \$47,769	Indonesia \$37,733
Largest Value Trading Partner (Exports) (\$000)	Contribution to Exports, based on Country of Destination	USA \$3,551	USA \$3,978	USA \$3,447

Key Statistics – (ctd).

IMPORTS OF MAJOR COMMODITIES (2006) – TOP 10.

HS Chapter	Description	Value (\$000)
27	Mineral fuels, mineral oils and products of their distillation; bituminous substances; mineral waxes	29,070
10	Cereals	6,516
85	Electrical machinery and equipment and parts thereof; sound recorders and reproducers; television etc.	6,191
87	Vehicles; other than railway or tramway rolling stock, and parts and accessories thereof	5,830
84	Nuclear reactors, boilers, machinery and mechanical appliances; parts thereof	4,512
07	Vegetables and certain roots and tubers; edible	2,771
48	Paper and paperboard; articles of paper pulp, of paper or paperboard	1,982
22	Beverages, spirits and vinegar	1,842
30	Pharmaceutical products	1,832
39	Plastics and articles thereof	1,744
	Total Value for Top 10	62,290
	All Other Commodities	25,405
	Total Merchandise Imports	87,695

IMPORTS – MAJOR TRADING PARTNERS (2006).

Country of Origin	Value (\$000)
Indonesia	37,733
Singapore	17,001
Australia	10,951
Viet Nam	4,406
Thailand	3,031
Italy	2,258
China, Peoples Republic of	2,209
Japan	2,183
Portugal	1,946
Denmark	1,293
Totals	83,011
Others	4,684
Total Merchandise Imports	87,695

Imports Tables

Table 1: Trade Statistics Summary by Month (2006).

TIMOR - LESTE TRADE STATISTICS SUMMARY						
(2006)						
MONTH	IMPORTS			EXPORTS		
	MERCHANDISE (\$000)	NON-MERCH. (\$000)	TOTAL (\$000)	EXPORTS (\$000)	RE EXPORTS (\$000)	TOTAL (\$000)
JANUARY	12,270	258	12,528	675	5,957	6,632
FEBRUARY	7,376	526	7,901	826	1,229	2,054
MARCH	6,959	1,335	8,293	479	1,119	1,598
QUARTER (1)	26,604	2,118	28,723	1,980	8,305	10,284
APRIL	5,855	660	6,516	127	437	564
MAY	4,627	417	5,044	115	212	327
JUNE	0	0	0	0	0	0
QUARTER (2)	10,482	1,077	11,559	242	649	891
JULY	0	0	0	0	0	0
AUGUST	9,731	4,851	14,582	1,806	4,014	5,821
SEPTEMBER	7,565	1,134	8,700	1,298	11,443	12,741
QUARTER (3)	17,296	5,986	23,282	3,104	15,458	18,562
OCTOBER	11,074	2,720	13,795	1,442	7,818	9,260
NOVEMBER	11,025	714	11,739	1,065	16,262	17,327
DECEMBER	11,214	491	11,705	611	3,750	4,361
QUARTER (4)	33,313	3,925	37,238	3,119	27,830	30,949
2006 TOTALS	87,695	13,107	100,802	8,445	52,231	60,685

NOTES:

Merchandise Trade Imports exclude values of goods imported for use by foreign Embassies and High Commissions - these goods are deemed to be "**Non Merchandise**" Trade Imports.

Exports are goods comprising at least 50 percent Timor-Leste content by value.

Re Exports are goods for export that were previously imported into Timor-Leste and comprise less than 50 percent Timor-Leste content by value.

Individual values may not aggregate to Totals, due to rounding.

Table 2: Merchandise Imports by Chapter Heading (HS2).

HS2	HS Description	Value (\$000)		
		2004	2005	2006
01	Animals; live	9	17	8
02	Meat and edible meat offal	905	992	579
03	Fish and crustaceans, molluscs and other aquatic invertebrates	134	89	44
04	Dairy produce; birds' eggs; natural honey; edible products of animal origin, not elsewhere specified or included	1,066	953	682
05	Animal originated products; not elsewhere specified or included	15	8	1
06	Trees and other plants, live; bulbs, roots and the like; cut flowers and ornamental foliage	5	26	4
07	Vegetables and certain roots and tubers; edible	324	151	2,771
08	Fruit and nuts, edible; peel of citrus fruit or melons	215	182	164
09	Coffee, tea, mate and spices	101	152	91
10	Cereals	8,111	4,690	6,516
11	Products of the milling industry; malt, starches, insulin, wheat gluten	1,192	1,439	1,490
12	Oil seeds and oleaginous fruits; miscellaneous grains, seeds and fruit, industrial or medicinal plants; straw etc.	76	347	567
13	Lac; gums, resins and other vegetable saps and extracts	2	2	13
14	Vegetable plaiting materials; vegetable products not elsewhere specified or included	10	9	2
15	Animal or vegetable fats and oils and their cleavage products; prepared animal fats; animal or vegetable waxes	1,077	865	1,157
16	Meat, fish or crustaceans, molluscs or other aquatic invertebrates; preparations thereof	379	303	249
17	Sugars and sugar confectionery	1,392	1,251	710
18	Cocoa and cocoa preparations	75	77	97
19	Preparations of cereals, flour, starch or milk; pastry cooks' products	2,113	2,162	1,609
20	Preparations of vegetables, fruit, nuts or other parts of plants	216	199	220
21	Miscellaneous edible preparations	302	274	209
22	Beverages, spirits and vinegar	1,739	2,229	1,842
23	Food industries, residues and wastes thereof; prepared animal fodder	82	141	95
24	Tobacco and manufactured tobacco substitutes	2,171	1,431	1,245
25	Salt; sulphur; earths, stone; plastering materials, lime and cement	1,598	1,584	1,548
26	Ores, slag and ash	89	250	17

Table 2: Merchandise Imports by Chapter Heading (HS2). ctd

27	Mineral fuels, mineral oils and products of their distillation; bituminous substances; mineral waxes	36,757	35,136	29,070
28	Inorganic chemicals; organic and inorganic compounds of precious metals; of rare earth metals	388	83	29
29	Organic chemicals	83	27	58
30	Pharmaceutical products	2,652	2,636	1,832
31	Fertilizers	30	36	17
32	Tanning or dyeing extracts; tannins and their derivatives; dyes, pigments and other colouring matter; paints etc.	439	336	278
33	Essential oils and resinoids; perfumery, cosmetic or toilet preparations	456	376	291
34	Soap, organic surface-active agents; washing, lubricating, polishing or scouring preparations	845	909	871
35	Albuminoidal substances; modified starches; glues; enzymes	41	50	43
36	Explosives; pyrotechnic products; matches; pyrophoric alloys; certain combustible preparations	32	10	11
37	Photographic or cinematographic goods	88	21	19
38	Chemical products n.e.s.	221	194	126
39	Plastics and articles thereof	1,287	2,362	1,744
40	Rubber and articles thereof	1,038	916	800
41	Raw hides and skins (other than furskins) and leather	1	1	0
42	Articles of leather; saddlery and harness; travel goods, handbags and similar containers; articles of animal gut	58	43	73
43	Furskins and artificial fur; manufactures thereof	2	5	2
44	Wood and articles of wood; wood charcoal	765	1,626	745
45	Cork and articles of cork	1	8	2
46	Manufactures of straw, esparto or other plaiting materials; basketware and wickerwork	4	11	5
47	Pulp of wood or other fibrous cellulosic material; recovered (waste and scrap) paper or paperboard	6	7	3
48	Paper and paperboard; articles of paper pulp, of paper or paperboard	1,005	1,558	1,982
49	Printed books, newspapers, pictures and other products of the printing industry; manuscripts etc.	538	227	501
50	Silk	13	7	6
51	Wool, fine or coarse animal hair; horsehair yarn and woven fabric	5	2	1
52	Cotton	35	58	15
53	Vegetable textile fibres; paper yarn and woven fabrics of paper yarn	2		2
54	Man-made filaments	8	11	12

Table 2: Merchandise Imports by Chapter Heading (HS2). ctd

55	Man-made staple fibres	14	20	22
56	Wadding, felt and nonwovens, special yarns; twine, cordage, ropes and cables and articles thereof	105	162	112
57	Carpets and other textile floor coverings	17	9	32
58	Fabrics; special woven fabrics, tufted textile fabrics, lace, tapestries, trimmings, embroidery	10	18	11
59	Textile fabrics; impregnated, coated, covered or laminated; textile articles of a kind suitable for industrial use	42	18	7
60	Fabrics; knitted or crocheted	8	22	9
61	Apparel and clothing accessories; knitted or crocheted	318	226	185
62	Apparel and clothing accessories; not knitted or crocheted	165	478	390
63	Textiles, made up articles; sets; worn clothing and worn textile articles; rags	518	591	808
64	Footwear; gaiters and the like; parts of such articles	502	387	282
65	Headgear and parts thereof	24	15	32
66	Umbrellas, sun umbrellas, walking-sticks, seat sticks, whips, riding crops; and parts thereof	13	22	16
67	Feathers and down, prepared; and articles made of feather or of down; artificial flowers; articles of human hair	11	9	4
68	Stone, plaster, cement, asbestos, mica or similar materials; articles thereof	205	275	138
69	Ceramic products	427	451	316
70	Glass and glassware	358	247	139
71	Natural, cultured pearls; precious, semi-precious stones; precious metals, metals clad with precious metal etc.	9	50	342
72	Iron and steel	1,484	2,120	1,213
73	Iron or steel articles	1,391	2,629	1,357
74	Copper and articles thereof	113	524	61
75	Nickel and articles thereof	31	2	
76	Aluminum and articles thereof	509	274	189
78	Lead and articles thereof	26	0	2
79	Zinc and articles thereof	426	470	258
80	Tin; articles thereof	7	2	1
81	Metals; n.e.s., cermets and articles thereof	14	39	6
82	Tools, implements, cutlery, spoons and forks, of base metal; parts thereof, of base metal	502	535	444
83	Metal; miscellaneous products of base metal	364	656	823
84	Nuclear reactors, boilers, machinery and mechanical appliances; parts thereof	4,651	7,847	4,512

Table 2: Merchandise Imports by Chapter Heading (HS2). ctd

85	Electrical machinery and equipment and parts thereof; sound recorders and reproducers; television etc.	9,821	5,470	6,191
86	Railway, tramway locomotives, rolling-stock and parts thereof; railway or tramway track fixtures and fittings	1,400	292	10
87	Vehicles; other than railway or tramway rolling stock, and parts and accessories thereof	14,735	7,018	5,830
88	Aircraft, spacecraft and parts thereof	11	225	67
89	Ships, boats and floating structures	51	54	6
90	Optical, photographic, cinematographic, measuring, checking, medical or surgical instruments and apparatus	2,657	693	1,375
91	Clocks and watches and parts thereof	28	27	15
92	Musical instruments; parts and accessories of such articles	21	15	9
93	Arms and ammunition; parts and accessories thereof	261	845	2
94	Furniture; bedding, mattresses, mattress supports, cushions and similar stuffed furnishings; lamps and lighting	1,175	1,241	1,528
95	Toys, games and sports requisites; parts and accessories thereof	355	454	226
96	Miscellaneous manufactured articles	505	684	255
97	Works of art; collectors' pieces and antiques	5	21	6
	Total Merchandise Imports	113,489	101,619	87,699

Note: Individual values may not aggregate to Totals, due to rounding.



Table 3: Merchandise Imports by Major Countries of Origin (2006).

Country of Origin	Value (\$000)
Indonesia	37,733
Singapore	17,001
Australia	10,951
Viet Nam	4,406
Thailand	3,031
Italy	2,258
China, Peoples Republic of	2,209
Japan	2,183
Portugal	1,946
Denmark	1,293
Malaysia	773
Germany	663
United Arab Emirates	527
Hong Kong	431
India	401
United States of America	320
United Kingdom	245
South Africa	154
Philippines	111
Korea Republic of	98
Totals	86,734
Others	961
Total Merchandise Imports	87,695



Table 4: Merchandise Imports of Major Commodities by Country of Origin (2006).

HS Code	HS Description	Country of Origin	Value (\$)
27101931	Diesel	Australia	216,921
27101931		Indonesia	10,907,736
27101931		Japan	751,464
27101931		Singapore	10,067,715
27101931		Thailand	22,884
27101931 Total			21,966,720
10061000	Rice in the husk (paddy or rough)	Australia	2,053
10061000		China, Peoples Republic of	280,765
10061000		Indonesia	740,148
10061000		Italy	471,956
10061000		Singapore	28,451
10061000		Thailand	170,299
10061000		Viet Nam	3,635,628
10061000 Total			5,329,300
27101131	Motor spirit	Australia	375,268
27101131		Indonesia	3,973,832
27101131		Singapore	22,899
27101131 Total			4,371,999
87032300	Vehicles with spark-ignition engine of cylinder capacity 1500-3000cc	Australia	512,861
87032300		Denmark	178,457
87032300		Gibraltar	80,661
87032300		Indonesia	342,827
87032300		Japan	562,850
87032300		Portugal	42,665
87032300		Singapore	243,485
87032300		Thailand	359,533
87032300 Total			2,323,339
07082000	Beans, fresh or chilled	Indonesia	339,740
07082000		Singapore	787
07082000		Thailand	1,404,610
07082000 Total			1,745,137

27101921	Jet fuel	Australia	1,673,553
27101921		Indonesia	31,665
27101921 Total			1,705,218
85175000	Apparatus for carrier-current line systems or for digital line systems, nes	Albania	34,025
85175000		Australia	13,150
85175000		China, Peoples Republic of	398,864
85175000		Italy	1,162,791
85175000		Singapore	128
85175000		United States of America	17,892
85175000 Total			1,626,850
24022000	Cigarettes containing tobacco	Australia	141,892
24022000		China, Peoples Republic of	101
24022000		Indonesia	1,066,194
24022000		Singapore	6,293
24022000		Viet Nam	30,731
24022000 Total			1,245,211
10064000	Broken rice	Indonesia	495,038
10064000		Viet Nam	669,380
10064000 Total			1,164,418
25232900	Portland cement (excl. white)	Australia	438
25232900		Indonesia	835,124
25232900		Singapore	106
25232900 Total			835,668
87089900	Parts and accessories, nes, for vehicles of 87.01 to 87.05	Australia	299,043
87089900		Denmark	1,344
87089900		France	2,759
87089900		India	2,959
87089900		Indonesia	213,075
87089900		Italy	6,161
87089900		Japan	19,170
87089900		Malaysia	25
87089900		New Zealand	1,555
87089900		Portugal	301
87089900		Singapore	245,252
87089900		Thailand	775
87089900		United Kingdom	25,413
87089900 Total			817,832

30032000	Medicaments of other antibiotics, not for retail sale	Australia	17,896
30032000		Finland	17,452
30032000		Germany	12,809
30032000		India	47,607
30032000		Indonesia	436,461
30032000		Italy	463
30032000		Kuwait	288
30032000		Singapore	28,249
30032000		Swaziland	57,672
30032000		Switzerland	15,456
30032000		United Kingdom	172,723
30032000		United States of America	279
30032000 Total			807,355
85291000	Aerials and aerial reflectors of all kinds and parts thereof	Australia	353,089
85291000		China, Peoples Republic of	4,816
85291000		Cyprus	480
85291000		Hong Kong	1,872
85291000		India	355
85291000		Indonesia	67,362
85291000		Norway	3,738
85291000		Portugal	168,686
85291000		Singapore	154,356
85291000		Taiwan	720
85291000		United Arab Emirates	14,487
85291000		United States of America	709
85291000 Total			770,670
87019000	Tractors (excl. tractors of 87.09), nes	Australia	58,163
87019000		Denmark	78,806
87019000		Indonesia	562,106
87019000		Italy	44,252
87019000 Total			743,327
90189000	Instruments and apparatus, nes, for medical, surgical... sciences	Australia	12,710
90189000		China, Peoples Republic of	53,453
90189000		Germany	532,531
90189000		India	8,416
90189000		Indonesia	5,870
90189000		Japan	115

90189000		Singapore	113,882
90189000		Thailand	157
90189000 Total			727,134
19021900	Uncooked pasta, not containing eggs, not stuffed		
		Australia	362
19021900		China, Peoples Republic of	105
19021900		Indonesia	709,985
19021900		Singapore	547
19021900		Viet Nam	568
19021900 Total			711,567
48189000	Household, sanitary or hospital articles of paper..., etc, nes		
		Australia	95,068
48189000		China, Peoples Republic of	23
48189000		Denmark	316,892
48189000		Indonesia	285,812
48189000		Singapore	1,688
48189000 Total			699,483
83024100	Mountings, fittings, etc, for buildings, of base metal, nes		
		Australia	34,516
83024100		China, Peoples Republic of	508
83024100		Indonesia	4,943
83024100		Malaysia	108,160
83024100		Philippines	13,761
83024100		Portugal	34,400
83024100		Singapore	19,356
83024100		Swaziland	3,043
83024100		United Arab Emirates	391,725
83024100		Viet Nam	7,831
83024100 Total			618,243
15111000	Crude palm oil		
		Indonesia	613,570
15111000		Singapore	49
15111000 Total			613,619
84711000	Analogue or hybrid automatic data processing machines		
		Australia	254,713
84711000		Cambodia	120
84711000		China, Peoples Republic of	1,867
84711000		Denmark	28,698
84711000		Germany	4,809
84711000		Indonesia	178,300
84711000		Italy	280

84711000		Japan	41
84711000		Mozambique	160
84711000		Netherlands	561
84711000		Philippines	1,177
84711000		Portugal	2,431
84711000		Singapore	23,995
84711000		Thailand	53,516
84711000		United States of America	56,528
84711000		Viet Nam	116
84711000 Total			607,312
94060000	Prefabricated buildings	Australia	754
94060000		China, Peoples Republic of	474,150
94060000		Indonesia	281
94060000		Singapore	112,307
94060000 Total			587,492
	Total (Major Commodities)		50,017,894
	Other Merchandise Imports		37,677,123
	Total Merchandise Imports		87,695,017



Exports Tables

Table 5: Exports by Major Trading Partners (2006).

Country of Destination	Value (\$000)
United States of America	3,447
Germany	2,042
Indonesia	1,146
Singapore	642
Australia	303
Thailand	212
Portugal	189
Japan	119
Taiwan	87
Norway	71
China, Peoples Republic of	56
Macau	54
New Zealand	48
Korea Republic of	31
Switzerland	8
Total Exports	8,455

NOTE: Revenue Earned From Export of Oil and Gas.

The tables presented in this publication DO NOT INCLUDE revenue from the export of petroleum products.

Currently the Joint Petroleum Development Area (**JPDA**) is the only producing area of petroleum products for export.

The Timor Sea Designated Authority (**TSDA**) was created on 2 April 2003, pursuant to the Timor Sea Treaty between the Governments of Timor-Leste and Australia, to administer the Joint Petroleum Development Area on behalf of both governments.

Under the arrangements of the Timor Sea Treaty, Timor-Leste receives royalties on any oil and gas products exported from the JPDA. These royalties vary from month to month and the amount received does not necessarily equate to the value of petroleum exports for that calendar month. Average monthly payments of these royalties into the Petroleum Fund are approximately \$8,000,000. This value is indicative only, and may vary greatly depending on several factors.

For further details and explanation visit www.timorseada.org

Table 6: Re Exports by Country of Destination (2006).

Country of Destination	Value (\$000)
Australia	41,344
Japan	5,477
United States of America	3,223
Portugal	808
Thailand	217
Indonesia	217
Singapore	162
Georgia	73
China, Peoples Republic of	70
Sudan	62
Cambodia	46
Tonga	45
United Kingdom	45
Uganda	44
Malaysia	41
Samoa	34
Virgin Islands, British	21
Germany	18
Mongolia	18
Syria	17
New Zealand	11
Armenia	11
Denmark	10
Korea Democratic People's Rep	9
Spain	8
Finland	7
Namibia	7
Fiji	6
South Africa	6
Croatia	6
Ireland, Republic of	6
United Arab Emirates	5
Canada	5
France	5
Russia	5
Totals	52,088
Others	143
Total Re Exports	52,231

Table 7: Coffee Exports by Country of Destination (2006).

Country of Destination	Quantity (kg.)	Value (\$)
United States of America	2,709,300	3,410,371
Germany	2,723,445	2,041,682
Indonesia	1,500,050	1,145,542
Singapore	1,030,735	491,040
Australia	331,773	295,301
Portugal	118,897	179,208
Japan	213,969	119,424
Taiwan	57,600	86,752
Norway	54,000	71,410
New Zealand	36,000	47,606
China, Peoples Republic of	15,000	43,500
Korea Republic of	30,080	30,900
Macau	38,400	28,416
Switzerland	18,000	8,100
Czech Republic	50	50
Total Coffee Exports	8,877,298	7,999,301

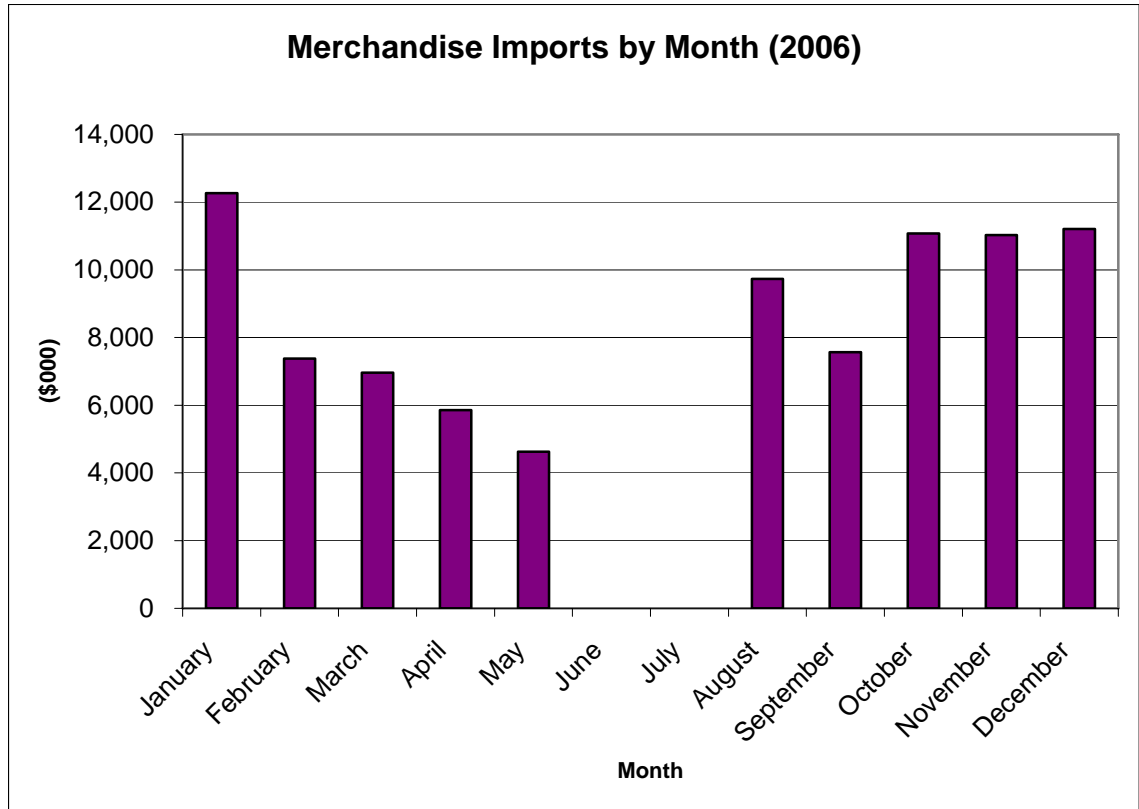
Note: This table aggregates values for exports of coffee in various forms - green beans, roasted beans and ground coffee.

Table 8: Coffee Exports by Month, Quantity and Value.

Month	2004		2005		2006	
	Quantity (kg.000)	Value (\$000)	Quantity (kg.000)	Value (\$000)	Quantity (Kg.000)	Value (\$000)
January	152	77	222	175	683	674
February	1,028	1,036	1,178	1,276	725	773
March	90	106	450	201	440	366
April	158	100	213	190	74	91
May	517	303	26	18	76	115
June	474	323	126	51	0	0
July	766	828	747	860	0	0
August	1,196	1,090	937	1,105	2,058	1,806
September	1,094	950	1,189	1,153	1,226	1,196
October	1,082	973	996	1,160	1,621	1,306
November	798	833	655	866	1,224	1,065
December	335	281	472	576	740	607
Totals	7,689	6,899	7,210	7,630	8,877	7,999

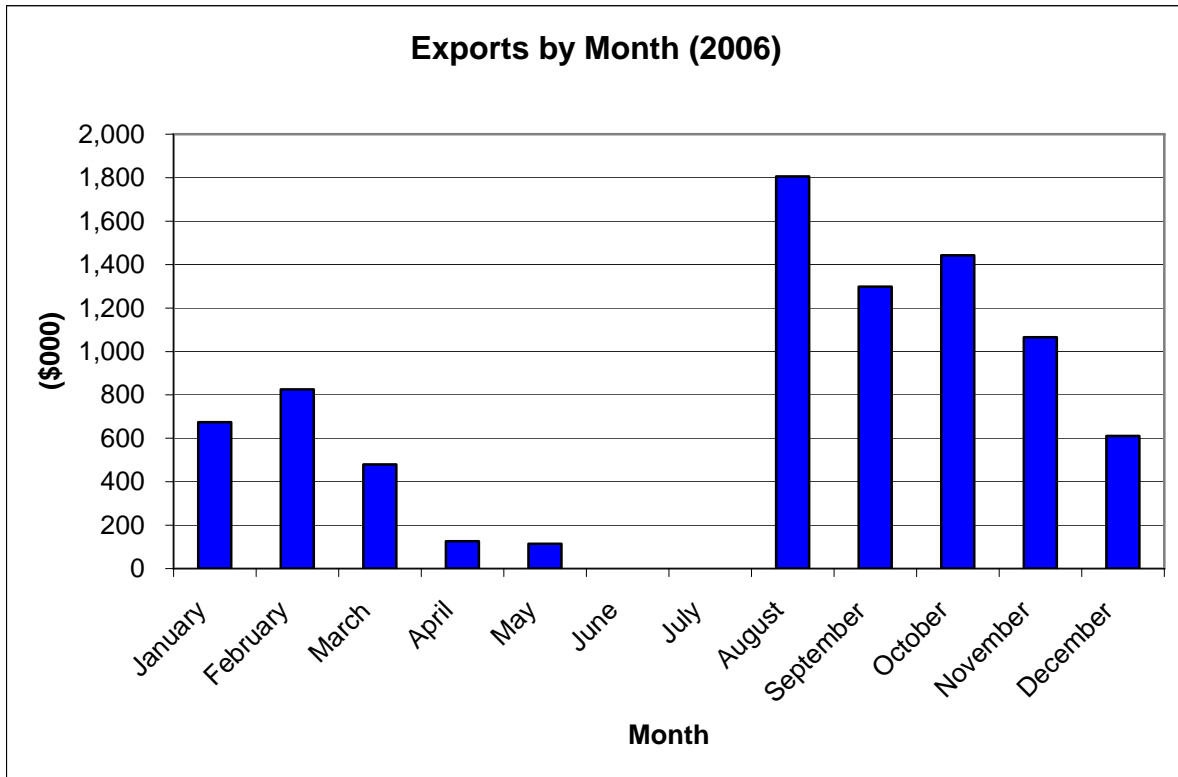
Charts

Chart 1: Merchandise Imports by Month (2006).



Note: June and July data not available.

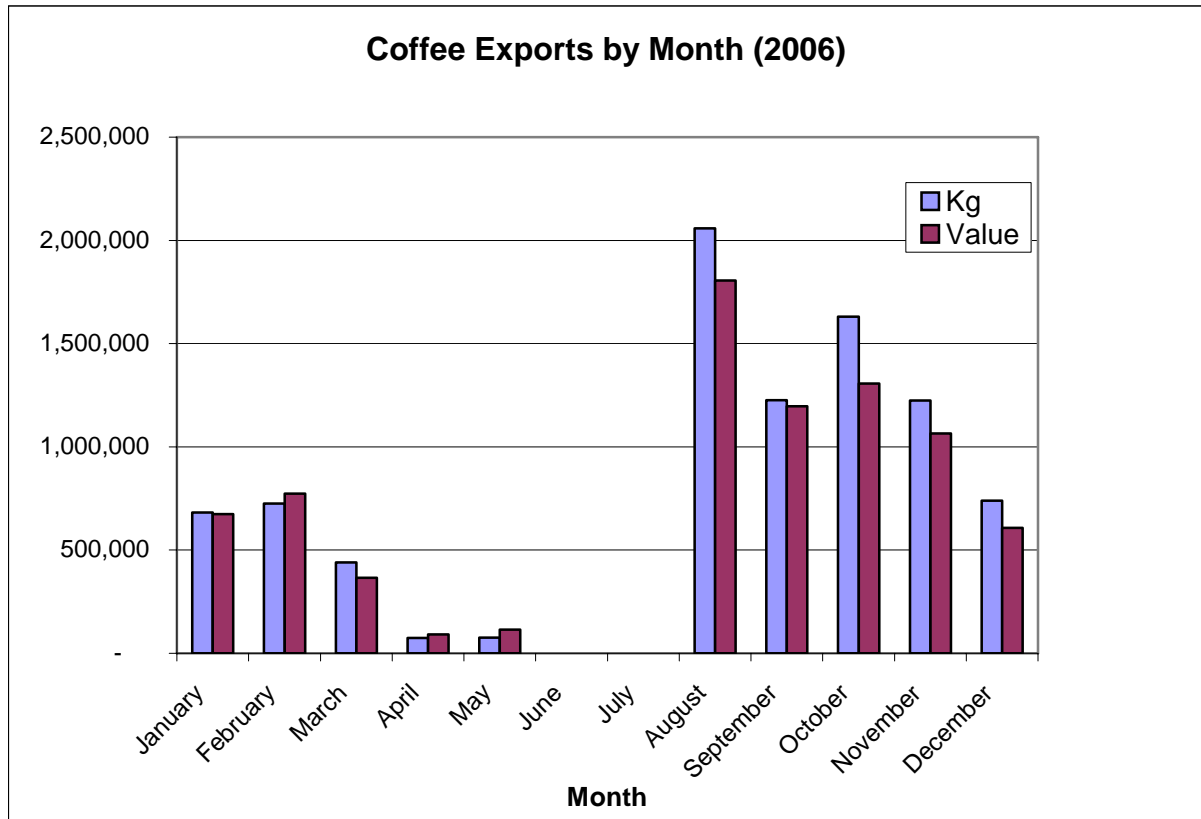
Chart 2: Exports By Month (2006).



Note: June and July data not available.



Chart 3: Coffee Exports by Month (2006).



Note: June and July data not available.

